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Claims

1. A column for use in an analytical temperature rising elution fractionation analysis of a crystalline or a semi-crystalline polymer sample solution characterized in that the packing of said column comprises elastic wires.

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- 2. Column according to claim 1, wherein the packing of said column comprises elastic wires, having a Young modulus higher than 50 GPa.
- 3. Column according to any of claims 1 or 2, wherein the packing of said column comprises elastic wires having a thermal conductivity higher than 0.1 W cm⁻¹ K⁻¹.
 - 4. Column according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the packing of said column comprises elastic wires having a length of at least 2mm and a diameter of less than 1mm.
- 5. Column according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein said elastic wires are made of stainless steel, metal, carbon fibers or glass fibers.
 - 6. Column according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein the packing of said column comprises elastic wires having a length per diameter (L/D) of at least 3.

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- 7. Column according to any of claims 1 to 6, wherein said column is made of stainless steel, glass, ceramic, or a polymer.
- 8. Column according to any of claims 1 to 7, said column having an internal diameter less than 20 mm a length comprised between 50 and 500 mm.
 - 9. Device for use in an analytical temperature rising elution fractionation analysis comprising the column according to any of claims 1 to 8, a temperature controlling system for controlling the temperature of said column, a sample injector for injecting a polymer sample solution into said column, a pump for eluting the polymer fractions from said column and a detector for detecting eluting fractions of said sample solution.

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- 10. Device according to claim 9, wherein said detector is a differential refractive index (DRI) detector.
- 11. A method for performing an ATREF analysis of a crystalline or a semi-crystalline polymersolution comprising the steps of:
 - injecting a sample of said polymer solution into the column according to any of claims 1 to 8.
 - crystallizing said polymer sample solution in said column over a cooling temperature gradient to produce a crystallized polymer sample while keeping solvent flowing through said column;

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- eluting said crystallized polymer sample by increasing the temperature of said column over a heating temperature gradient to produce eluted fractions of the polymer sample solution, said fractions being eluted in function of the temperature; and
- measuring the concentration of the eluted fractions of polymer sample solution by means of a detector.
- 12. Method according to claim 11, wherein the concentration of the eluted fractions of polymer sample solution are measured using a differential refractive index detector.
- 20 13. Method according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the column is provided in a temperature controlling system.
 - 14. Method according to any of claims 11 to 13, wherein an amount of polymer lower than 2.0 mg polymer is injected into the column.
 - 15 Method according to any of claims 11 to 14, wherein a volume of the polymer sample solution lower than 1.0 ml is injected into the column.
- 16. Method according to any of claims 11 to 15, wherein said polymer sample solution is injected automatically.
 - 17. Method according to claim 16, wherein said polymer sample solution is injected automatically at a flow rate lower than 2.0 mL/min.

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18. Method according to any of claims 11 to 17, wherein the crystallization of said polymer sample solution in said column is performed over a cooling temperature gradient with a maximum temperature below 210°C.

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- 19. A method according to any of claims 11 to 18, wherein the crystallization of said polymer sample solution in said column is performed at a cooling rate higher than 0.5 °C per minute.
- 20. Method according to any of claims 11 to 19, wherein the elution of the crystallized 10 polymer sample is performed over a heating temperature gradient with a maximum temperature up to 210°C.
 - 21. Method according to any of claims 11 to 20, wherein the elution of the crystallized polymer sample is performed at a heating rate higher than 0.5°C per minute.

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